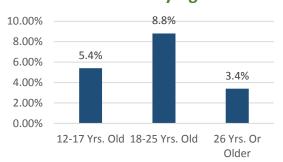
## MISUSE of PRESCRIPTIONS and USE of HEROIN

### Nonmedical Use of Pain Relievers by Age



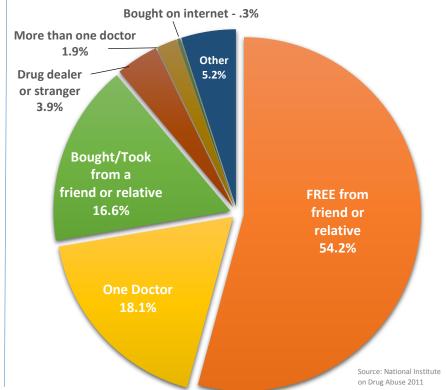
In Wisconsin, 18-25 years olds reported the highest past year nonmedical use of pain relievers in 2012-2013.<sup>1</sup>



**15%** 

of Wisconsin high school students reported using prescription drugs without a prescription in their lifetime in 2013.<sup>2</sup>

#### WHERE PRESCRIPTION DRUGS ARE OBTAINED





# More Wisconsin residents **DIE** from **DRUG OVERDOSE** than motor vehicle accidents, suicide, or firearms.<sup>3</sup>

# MONITOR PRESCRIPTIONS and DISPOSE of UNUSED MEDICATIONS

Two reasons youth reported misusing prescription drugs include:



62% easy to get from parents' medicine cabinet.

**52%** easily available.<sup>4</sup>

#### PLEASE DISPOSE OF UNUSED MEDICATIONS.

Prescription drug drop boxes are available at local police departments.

Call your local department for details.

# Heroin use is part of a larger substance abuse problem.

Nearly all people who used heroin also used at least 1 other drug.

Most used at least **3** other drugs.

Heroin is a highly addictive opioid drug with a high risk of overdose and death for users.

### People who are addicted to...



MARIJUANA





2x

3x

15x



...more likely to be addicted to heroin.

SOURCE: National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH), 2011-2013.



Light and Unite Red is coordinated by Milwaukee County Behavioral Health Division and Milwaukee County Substance Abuse Prevention Coalition; supported by multiple community partners found at <a href="mailto:lightuniteRED.org">lightuniteRED.org</a>

<sup>1.</sup> National Survey on Drug Use and Health Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. 2. Wisconsin Dept. of Public Institute. Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance System. 3. 2014 Wisconsin Department of Health Services and Medical College of Wisconsin Drug related Deaths in Wisconsin. 4. National Institute on Drug Abuse.